**ZW3D** from Entry to Master Tutorial

# Mold Design

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## ZW3D<sup>™</sup> V2023 From Entry to Master Mold Design

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## Foreword

In this tutorial, we provide various case studies, which are from easy to difficult and combine theory with practice. We hope to improve users' 3D CAD/CAM skills and techniques with ZW3D.

The tutorial bases on our technical engineers' years of experience in the industry and ZW3D, which is the fruit of a lot of efforts and wisdom. We sincerely hope that the tutorial will do help to you, and your precious advice on it is highly welcomed.

There are three series for this tutorial: *Primary Tutorial, From Entry to Master Tutorial*, and *Advanced Tutorial*. From easy to difficult, they offer a step-by-step learning process that can meet different user needs.

Primary Tutorial series is for users who have little or no prior 3D CAD/CAM experience. If you are green hands of 3D CAD/CAM software, or if you are a new user of ZW3D, we recommend that you get started with this tutorial. Here you can learn the basic knowledge and concepts of ZW3D, rapidly master the simple operations and workflows of ZW3D, and practice simple cases.

From Entry to Master Tutorial series is for users with basic know-how of 3D CAD/CAM software. If you have experience in 3D CAD/CAM software and want to master common functions of ZW3D, we suggest that you start with this series. Here you can dig deeper into the functions and master more operations of ZW3D.

Advanced Tutorial series is for users with practical experience in 3D CAD/CAM software. If you hope to have a comprehensive command of ZW3D and get the complicated operations done independently, you can choose to learn this series. Here you can learn to use the software more flexibly and get rich experience to increase your efficiency.

What you are learning is ZW3D From Entry to Master Mold Design, a master tutorial.

Thanks for being our user! The ZW3D Team

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## 1 Mold Design

## **Key Points:**

- ♦ Mold Preparation
- ♦ Region Analysis and Definition
- ♦ Parting Line
- Patch and Parting Faces
- ♦ Insert, Slider and Lifter
- ♦ Mold Base and Standard Parts

## Notes:

This tutorial is based on Metric system. All mold base and standard parts library will be in Metric.

## 1.1 Import and Healing Model

Mold design can start from ZW3D native model or other imported external data.

This tutorial starts from importing external data.

STEP 01 Create a new file **Project.Z3**.



Figure 1 Create a New File

STEP 02 Exit<sup>1</sup>to object manager, Rename the part as **001\_Part\_Model**.

Man	ager				6	5 23	+ Project.Z3 🗙
Filter	All	•	Preview	v Off		•	
Find			in	Name		•	
	Name		-	Туре			
001_	Part_Model			Part		YES	

Figure 2 Rename the Part

STEP 03 Click *Import,* search for the path "...\ZWSOFT\ZW3D 2021Eng\training", then select the file Back Cover.



Figure 3 Import External Model

STEP 04 After importing, *Ctrl+A* to zoom all, then the imported model will show as Figure4.



Figure 4 Imported Part Model

STEP 05 Use **Show Open Edges** in **Heal** tab, then you can find **open edge number** is shown as Figure5.



Figure 5 S

Show Open Edges

## STEP 06 Click *Zoom to*, and it will zoom to the highlighted open edge.



STEP 07 Use **Erase** 🖑 to delete needless faces.



Figure 7 Erase Needless Faces

STEP 08 Use *Fill gap* in *Heal* tab, pick the highlighted edge. It will automaticlly pick the surrounded loop.



Figure 8 Fill Gap

STEP 09 Click **OK**, the gap will be fixed, and the open edge number reduces.



Figure 9 Fill Gap Result

STEP 10 Use the *Fill Gap* to fix another loop, the result will show as figure10.



Figure 10 Fill Another Loop

STEP 11 Continue to *Zoom to* another open edge. Use *Fill Gap* command, then pick the open edge. Setting is shown as Figure11.

Edge E576			
▼ Sew			
			Υ Y
Sew shapes			
Shapes	×		
▼ Settings			
Tangent to gap boundary			
Refit Tangent	•		
Tolerance 0.01 mm 🗘 🔮	. •	V	
Auto Reduce			

Figure 11 Fill Gap with Tangency to Gap Boundary

STEP 12 **Zoom to** another open edge. Use *Fill Gap* command, then pick the open edge. Setting is shown as Figure12.





STEP 13 Continue to *Zoom to* another open edge. Use *Trimmed plane* command in Free Form tab, then pick the open edge. Setting is shown as Figure13.



Figure 13 Trimmed Plane

STEP 14 Continue to *Zoom to* another open edge. Use *Ruled* command in *Free Form* tab, then pick the open edge. Setting is shown as Figure14.



Figure 14 Create Ruled Face

STEP 15 *Zoom to* another open edge. Use *Trim to curves* command to trim the face. Setting is shown in Figure 15.



You can get the result like Figure 16.



Figure 16 Result of "Trim to curves"

STEP 16 Then use *Sew* command in *Heal* module to sew the gap.



Figure 17 Sew the Gap

STEP 17 *Zoom to* another open edge. Then use *Extend Face* command in *Free Form* tab to extend the face till the boundary merges



Figure 18 Extend Face

STEP 18 *Zoom to* another open edge. Repeat STEP 13 to *Trimmed Plane* 





STEP 19 After that, the number of open edges is 0, and the surface will change to a solid.



Figure 20 Close All Open Edges

STEP 20 Check the model again, there is an intersection with other shapes.



Figure 21 Check the intersection

STEP 21 Use *Remove Shape* command in *Shape* tab.





Up to now, the model has been healed for mold design preparation.

STEP 22 Save the file.

## **1.2** Transfer, Analysis and Shrink

## **1.2.1** Transfer the Product

After healing the model, transfer the product to a suitable position and direction for easier demold.

STEP 1 Create a new object named **002\_Position\_Shrink** 





STEP 2 Use Import command in Mold tab to import 001\_Part\_Model

🀌 External Par	t	23
🗸 🗶 🖪		0
Required		
File/Part		
Project.Z3		• 📥
001_Part_Mo	odel 2	
Preview	Off	•
Location		¥ 堡 •
Settings		
Frame		
Flip direction	on	
Copy wirefr	ame	
Copy dime	nsions 1	
History Associ	ative Copy in this P	art 🔹



STEP 3 Use *Align* command to correct the product position correct to meet the request of mold design.



Figure 25 Align the Product



Figure 26

Pick Face Normal

Then pick side direction as Figure 27.

Align Required Shape S1 Parting Dir 6244,-0.62428 \$ 4 2 Side Parting Dir 1 2 -	Curve Tangent Curve Normal Face Tangent Face Normal Center Line ✓ Two Points Center Line Center
▼ Options           Location         Product Center         ▼           Z0         ▼ ● ●         ▼           Origin OffSet         X         0         1 ⊕ ●           Y         0         1 ⊕ ●         −           Z         0         1 ⊕ ●         −	

Figure 27 Pick Side Direction

Then pick ZO as figure 28.





STEP 4 Click **OK**, then press **Ctrl+A** key to zoom all. The result shows as Figure 29.



Figure 29 Result of Alignment

1.2.2 Draft Angle Analysis and Thickness Analysis

STEP 1 Use *Draft* command in *Mold* tab to verify the draft angle on the 3D model.

### Set as below.



Figure 30 Draft Angle Analysis

Like the below result shows, there are some vertical faces and undercut faces.





STEP 2 Use *Draft* command in *Shape* tab to adjust the draft angle to get a better productivity.



Figure 32 Adjust Draft Angle

STEP 3 Now change back to shape mode.



Figure 33 Display in Shape Mode

STEP 4 Use *Shrink* command in *Mold* tab to scale the model. Set shrink rate as *1.006*.



Figure 34

#### **Mold Parting** 1.3

**Region Analysis and Definition** 1.3.1

STEP 1 Create a new part named **003\_Parting.Z3**.

+ Project.Z3 - [002_Position_Shri	nk] 🗙	+			
1 V Create new [Part]				$\square$	23
Туре					
		1	C/		
Part/Assembly Drawing	Packet	Drawing Sheet	Standalone Standalone	Ske	
Σ	_				
CAM Plan Equation	on Set				
Template	Infor	mation			
[Default]	Unique	e Name			
PartTemplate(MM)	003 P	arting.Z3			
	Descri	ption			
			ОК	Cancel	
					_

Figure 35 Create "003\_Parting.Z3"

STEP2 Use *Import* command in *Mold* tab to import *002\_Position\_Shrink*.

Sectornal Part
✓ X ☑
▼ Required
File/Part
Project.Z3 🔹 📩
002 Position Shrink
001_Part_Model
002_Position_Shrink
Preview Off *
Location 58,52,26 😵 🔹
▼ Settings
Frame
Flip direction
Copy wireframe
Copy dimensions
History Associative Copy in this Part •

Figure 36 Import "002\_Position\_Shrink"

STEP3 Use **Region Analysis** command in **Mold** tab. Then click **Calculate**.

•	🗃 Region Analysis	23	
	✓ X	0	
	▼ Define		
	Calculate Region		
	Shape 1 picked	$\approx$	
	Direction 0,0,1	🛛 🖑 -	
	Keep existing Reset all		
	Calculate 📃		
	Keep existing Reset all Calculate		

Figure 37 Calculate Regions

STEP4 The result shows as below. There are a lot of undefined faces. Click **OK**.

		0 2		
Calculate Regio	10			1
Calculate negic				
Cavity region	134			
Core region	474	//	$\sim$ /	
UnDefined Faces	174			31
Cross faces	0		_ /	
U Vertical faces	2			
Unknown face	is 172			
▼ Assign			~ T	
Region faces	*			

Figure 38 Figure 1 Region Analysis Result

STEP5 Pick *Region faces* as below, assign them to cavity





STEP6 Check Vertical faces and Unknown faces, assign them to core. Click OK.



Figure 40 Assign Faces to Core

After that, all faces are assigned to cavity or core regions.

STEP7 Use **Region Definition** command in **Mold** tab.



Figure 41 Region Definition

Make sure the count of undefined faces is 0. Then check *Create regions* and *Create parting lines*. Click *OK*, and you will get a result shown in Figure 42. The cavity & core surfaces and parting lines will be created in a folder of history tree.



Figure 42 Create Cavity, Core and Parting Lines

## 1.3.2 Patch and Parting Faces

STEP1 Use *Patch* command in *Mold* tab to create patch faces for inner loops between cavity and core. Pick the Shape, then all loops will be shown in the list. Check *Preview all patches*, all patches will be shown in preview.



Figure 43 Create Patch Faces

Pick *Loop<0>*, switch the side, the preview of *Loop<0>* is changed as Figure44.

## Mold Design <///



Figure 44

Switch Patch Face Side





Figure 45 Result of Patch Faces

STEP3 Use *Parting Face* command to create parting faces.



Figure 46 Create Parting Faces

There is the only one parting line segment. Next separate it into several segments for parting faces creation.

First click *Edit guide line*.

Parting Face		23
✓ X		0
Required		
Segment		
Parting lines	24 picked	≈ 📚
Segments	Parting face	Count
Segment 1		24
Method		
<b>,</b>	<i>i</i> iii 🕸 🚺	
Profile	24 picked	$\approx$
1st path		
2nd path		
Tolerance	0.01	‡ ₫ •
Apply		
▼ Split Segment		
Edit guide line		

Figure 47 Split Segment by Guide Line

## Then pick a guiding line, the direction and add in the list.



Figure 48 Define First Guide Line

Continue to create other guide lines.



Figure 49 Define Second Guide Line







Figure 51 Define Fourth Guide Line

## Mold Design <///



Now the preview shows as figure 53.





Create guide lines on the other half in the same way. There are 12 guide lines in total.



Figure 55 Finishing Guide Line Creation

STEP4 Click **OK**. Now parting lines have been separated into 12 segments.



Figure 56 Segments of Parting Lines

STEP5 Now start to create parting face for each segment.

Select **Segment 1**, use **extend shape**, then click **Apply**, then parting face for this segment will be created.



Figure 57 Create Parting Face for Segment 1

Select Segment 3, use Trimmed Plane by Boundaries, then click Apply.



Figure 58 Create Parting Face for Segment 3

Select Segment 5, use Trimmed Plane by Boundaries, then click Apply.



Select **Segment 7**, use **Trimmed Plane by Boundaries**, then click **Apply**.



Figure 60 Create Parting Face for Segment 7

Select Segment 9, use Trimmed Plane by Boundaries, then click Apply.





Select Segment 9, use Trimmed Plane by Boundaries, then click Apply.



Figure 62 Create Parting Face for Segment 11





Figure 63 Create Parting Face for Segment 2





Figure 64 Create Parting Face for Segment 4





Figure 65 Create Parting Face for Segment 6

Select Segment 8, use extend shape, change the extend value to 140, then click Apply.



Figure 66 Create Parting Face for Segment 8







Select Segment 12, use extend shape, then click Apply.



Figure 68 Create Parting Face for Segment 12

After clicking **OK**, all parting faces are shown in history.



Figure 69 Parting Face Folders in History

As shown in figure69, there are some gaps or overlaps between different parting faces.

STEP6 Fill gaps and trim overlaps.

Use *Blend Face* command to create a blend face to fix gap 1.



Figure 70 Fie Gap 1

Use *Blend Face* command to create a blend face to fix gap 2.



Figure 71 Fix Gap 2

Use *Trim to Curves* command to trim overlap 3.



Figure 72 Trim Overlap 3

Use *Trim to Curves* command to trim overlap 4.



Figure 73 Trim Overlap 4

## 1.3.3 Workpiece and Trim

STEP1 Use *Workpiece* command in *Mold* tab to create a workpiece. Set parameters as below.

🧊 Create a	workpiece		23	
🖌 🗙 (	3		0	
Required				
				A MO
Shape	2 picked		*	
Origin Point	0,0,0	$\approx$	• 👱	
▼ Size Settin	ngs			
X Size	320	mr 🗘	₫ •	
+X Size	160	mr 🗘	•	
Y Size	290	mr 🗘	- 💆	
+Y Size	130	mr 🗘	•	
Z Size	140	mr ‡	- 💆	
+Z Size	70	mr ‡	• 👲	

Figure 74 Create Workpiece

## STEP2 Use *Trim* command in *Mold* tab to trim the model.



Figure 75 Create Workpiece

It will automatically recognize all regions including cavity and core.

Click OK, and the result shows as below.





STEP3 Use *Extrude* command in *Shape* module to extrude a planar face for cavity. Set parameters as below.



Figure 77 Extrude Planar Face for Cavity

STEP4 Use *Extrude* command in *Shape* module to extrude a planar face for core. Parameters show as below.

す Extrude	]	×
Required		
Profile P	F2454	🖻 👲
Extrude type	2 sides	•
Start S	0 mm	: 坐 🔹
End E	30 mm	: 🖢 -
Direction	:	× 🕹 -
Flip face di	rection	
▼ Boolean		
Boolean shape	es 1 picked	¥



STEP5 Use *Fillet* command in *Shape* tab to create fillets on vertical edges of cavity and core. Set the radius of fillet as *30* 



Figure 79 Add Fillets on Vertical Edges

Click **OK**, the result shows as below.



Figure 80 Fillet Result

STEP6 Pick the new faces of *Cavity* and *Core*, right click then select *Face Attribute*.





81 Set Face Attribute

Set transparency as 50%.

<b>Face Attributes</b>	
🖌 🗶 🔽 🛛 🕑 🖻	
▼ Required	
Face 10 picked ¥	
▼ Settings	
Optional Advanced	
Color	
◎ RGB ○ HSL	
R 190 ‡	
G 230 ‡ — =	
B 245 ‡	
▼ Transparency	
50 :	

Figure 82 Set Transparency

So far, the model has been successfully parted

## 1.4 Other Molding Parts Creation

After parting the mold, let's create inserts, Sliders and lifters.

**STEP1** Use *Geom to Part* command in *Assembly*, select *cavity* shape, input *004\_Fixed\_Half*, pick Extract mode as *Associative extract*.



Figure 83 Extract "Cavity" to "004\_Fixed\_Half"

STEP2 Use *Geom to Part* command in *Assembly*, select *core* shape, input *005\_Moving\_Half*, pick Extract mode as *Associative extract*.



Figure 84 Extract "Core" to "005\_Moving\_Half"

STEP3 Use *Geom to Part* command in *Assembly*, select *core* shape, input *006\_Epin\_Cutter*, pick Extract mode as *Associative extract*.



Figure 85 Extract "Core" to "006\_Epin\_Cutter"

## STEP4 Use *Exit* 🔁 to return to the object manager. Objects are listed as below.

Filter All	<ul> <li>Preview</li> </ul>	Off	•
Find	in	Name	•
Name 🔶	Туре	Modified	
001_Part_Model	Part		
002_Position_Shrink	Part		
003_Parting	Part	YES	
004_Fixed_ Half	Part	YES	
005_Moving_Half	Part	YES	
006_Epin_Cutter	Part	YES	

Figure 86 Objects Listed in Manager





Figure 87 Erase Some Faces

STEP6 Use *Reverse Direction* command in *Free Form* tab to reverse the direction of the shape.

Switch the *Filte*r to *Shape*, then pick the shape.





Use *Merge Faces* command in *Free Form* tab to merge some faces as below.



#### 1.4.1 Create Inserts

Now let's create inserts.

STEP 01 Go to **005\_Moving\_Half**. Use **Sketch** command in **Shape** tab to create a sketch based on XY Plane.







Figure 94 Well-defined Sketch

STEP 02 Use *Extrude* command in *Shape* tab to extrude the sketch.



Figure 95 Extrude the sketch

STEP 03 Use **Blank** command to hide the core shape.



Figure 96 Blank the Core Shape

STEP 04 Use *Extrude* command again to create a base for the insert.



Figure 97 Extrude an Edge of the Bottom Face

## STEP 05 Use Unblank All command to show all shapes



Figure 98 Unblank All Entities

STEP 06 Use *Divide* command in *Shape* tab to divide the insert shape from the core.





Divide the Shape from the Core

## Result is shown as below.





STEP 07 Right click on the insert shape, then select *Face Attribute*.



Figure 101 Set Face Attributes

STEP 08 Change the color as below.



Figure 102 Change the Color of the Insert

STEP 09 Use *Mirror Geometry* command in *Shape* tab to mirror the insert by YZ datum.



Figure 103 Mirror the Insert



Figure 104 Mirror Result

STEP 10 Use *Remove Shape* command to create a pocket for the insert.



Figure 105 Create a Pocket for the Insert

At last, the inserts are finished as below.

Result is shown as below.



#### Figure 106 Pocket Result

## 1.4.2 Create Lifters

We need to create lifters for the lower undercut areas.



Figure 107 Inner Undercut Area

STEP 01 Use **Datum** command in **Shape** tab to create a new datum, then select the YZ plane, and set the origin point to the middle of line as below.



Figure 108 Create a New Datum

STEP 02 Create a sketch based on plane1.



Figure 109 Create a Sketch Based on the New Plane

## Draw the sketch as below.



Figure 110 Well-defined Sketch for the Lifter

STEP 03 Exit the sketch, then use *Extrude* command to extrude the sketch. Set parameters as below.



Figure 111 Extrude the Sketch

Change the color of the *Lifter* shape as below.



Figure 112 Set Face Color for the Lifter

Use *Mirror Geometry* command to mirror the "Lifter" shape based on YZ Datum.



Figure 113 Mirror the Lifter



Figure 114 Mirror Result

STEP 04 Use *Divide* command to divide the lifters from the *Core* shape.



Figure 115 Divide Lifters from the Core

The result shows as below.



Figure 116 Division Result

## Change the color of *Lifter* shapes.



Figure 117 Set Faces Attributes for the Lifters

STEP 05 Use *Geom to Part* command in *Assembly* tab to extract the core as a part.
Pick the *Core* shape, create a new object named *201\_Core*, then select *Associate extract* mode.



Figure 118 Extract the Core Shape to a New Part

Extract the two inserts and two lifters as **202\_Insert1**, **203\_Insert2**, **204\_Lifter1** and **205\_Lifter2** with the same operations.



Figure 119 Extract All Shapes

After these operations, you can find them in the root manager.

Name 🔺	Туре	Modified
001_Part_Model	Part	
002_Position_Shrink	Part	
003_Parting	Part	
004_Fixed_ Half	Part	
005_Moving_Half	Part	YES
006_Epin_Cutter	Part	
201_Core	Part	
202_Insert1	Part	YES
203_Insert2	Part	YES
204_Lifter1	Part	YES
205_Lifter2	Part	YES

Figure 120 New Parts Listed in the Root Manager

#### 1.4.3 Create Sliders

STEP 01 Go to **004\_Fixed\_ Half**, use **Sketch** command to create a sketch based on XY Datum.

The sketch shows as below.



Figure 121 Create a Well-defined Sketch for the Slider

STEP 02 Extrude the sketch. Set parameters as below.



Figure 122 Extrude the Sketch

STEP 03 Use *Mirror Geometry* command to mirror the slider by YZ Datum.



Figure 123 Mirror the Slider Tip

STEP 04 Use *Divide* command to divide sliders from the *cavity* shape.

🍃 Divide		23
<ul> <li>X</li> </ul>	1	e 🚺 🎽
Required		
Base B	1 picked	×
Cutting C	2 picked	× [
Settings		
Cutter C	Delete	•
🗹 Cap trimm	ed region	
Extension	Linear	Ψ.
Tolerance		
Tolerance	0.01	mm ‡

Figure 124 Divide Sliders from the Cavity Shape

The result shows as below.



Figure 125 Division Result

Change the color of *Slider* shapes as below.



Figure 126 Change the Color of the Slider

STEP 05 Create a sketch based on the bottom face of the slider, then pick the center point of the hole as the original point.



Figure 127 Create a Sketch for the Slider Base

Draw a sketch as below.



Figure 128 Draw a Well-defined Sketch

STEP 06 Use *Extrude* command in *Shape* tab to extrude a base for the Slider.



Figure 129 Extrude the Sketch

# STEP 07 Create a **Draft** for the Slider.

First, create a sketch based on the side face of the slider.



Figure 130 Create a Sketch for the Draft

Draw the sketch as below.



Figure 131 Draw a Well-defined Sketch for the Draft

STEP 08 Extrude the sketch to cut the slider.



Figure 132 Extrude the Sketch to Cut the Slider

STEP 09 A add a base for the other slider with the same routes. The final result shows as below.





STEP 10 Use Geom to Part command in Assembly tab to extract the cavity to a new part 101\_Cavity.



Figure 134 Extract the Cavity

STEP 11 Use the same operations to extract two sliders to part 206\_Slider1 and 207\_Slider2.



Figure 135 Extract the Sliders

Now the object manager shows as below.

Name	*	Туре
000_Mold_Assembly		Part
001_Part_Model		Part
002_Position_Shrink		Part
003_Parting		Part
004_Fixed_ Half		Part
005_Moving_Half		Part
006_Epin_Cutter		Part
101_Cavity		Part
201_Core		Part
202_Insert1		Part
203_Insert2		Part
204_Lifter1		Part
205_Lifter2		Part
206_Slider1		Part
207_Slider2		Part

Figure 136 New Objects in Manager

## 1.5 Load Moldbase

STEP 01 Create a new part named **000\_Mold\_Assembly**.

+ Project.Z3 × +				
🐲 Create new [Part]				₽ 23
Туре				
١			Ć	
Part/Assembly	Drawing Packet	Drawing Sheet	Standalone Sketch	
1	Σ			
CAM Plan	Equation Set			
Template	Informa	ation		
[Default]	Unique	Name		
PartTemplate(MM)	000_Ma	ld_Assembly		
	Descript	ion		
			OK Ca	ncel

Figure 137 Create "000\_Mold\_Assembly"

STEP 02 Use *Multi-Insert* command in *Assembly* tab, pick 101\_Cavity, 201\_Core, 202\_Insert1 ,203\_Insert2, 204\_Lifter1 and 205\_Lifter2, 206\_Slider1, 207\_Slider2 from the list one by one.



Figure 138 Insert Related Objects

#### Now there are 8 components in *000\_Mold\_Assembly*.



Figure 139 Components in "000\_Mold\_Assembly"

# STEP 03 Use Layer command to open Layer Manager. Create new layers Cavity and Core.



Figure 140 Create New Layers

Then assign the 101\_Cavity to Layer Cavity



Figure 141 Assign "101\_Cavity" to Layer "Cavity"

Use the same operation to assign "201\_Core" "202\_Insert1" "203\_Insert2" "204\_Lifter1" and "205\_Lifter2" "206\_Slider1" "207\_Slider2" to Layer "Core".

Finally, there are 1 object in Layer *Cavity* and 7 objects in Layer *Core*.

🧐 L	ayer Mana	ger					<b>–</b> ×	
	Filter All	• A	di 🔹		Select o	bject in laye	r O	
	Active	ID	Name 🔺	On	Frozen	Category	Quantity	
		1	Cavity	8	Q		1	
		2	Core	<mark>8</mark>	Q		7	
	<b>+</b>	0	Layer0000	8	Q		3	
	4							
	Activa	te	New	Delete	Im	port	Export	
			ОК	Cance	Арр	bly		

Figure 142 Objects Quantities in Different Layer

STEP 04 Use *Moldbase* command to insert moldbase. Pick the *LKM* supplier, SG type, CI Class, and XY Datum.

✓ X	<b></b>				×2 ••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••
Supplier Type Class Datum	LKM SG CI XY				• • •
	TCP AP BP CP EP FP KCP	EGP=1	Turn=1	Pry=1	Rotate

Figure 143 Insert MoldBase

Set main parameters as below.



Figure 144 Set Parameters

The result shows as below.



Figure 145 Insert Result

STEP 05 Create a pocket on **AP** for cavity.

Double click AP in Assembly manager to activate AP.



Figure 146 Activate "AP"

STEP 06 Use *Curve list* command in "Wireframe" tab to creat a curve list as below. (Use *Ctrl + F* on keyboard to switch to *wireframe display mode*)





STEP 07 Click *Show Target* in toolbar. Extrude the curve list. Set parameters as below.



Figure 148 Extrude the Curve List the Create a Pocket

The result shows as below.



Figure 149 Pocket Result

STEP 08 Click *Show all* to show all components. Then double click on *BP* in assembly manager to activate *BP*.



Figure 150 Activate "BP"

STEP 09 Use the same operations to create a pocket on **BP** for Core. The result shows as below.



Figure 151 Create a Pocket on "BP"

You can get the overview of the whole assembly shows as below.



Figure 152 Overview of the Mold Assembly

## **1.6 Adjust Sliders and Lifters**

## 1.6.1 Adjust Sliders

STEP 01 Double click on the **206\_** *Slider1* to activate it.

Man	ager 🔀	
<b>9</b> _	Show All	
Fo	4 📇 000_Mold_Assembly	
	🗹 🃦 (-)101_Cavity	
L.A.	🗹 🃦 (-)201_Core	M S
	🗹 🃦 (-)202_Insert1	
	✓ image (-)203_Insert2	
	🗹 🃦 (-)204_Lifter1	
	🗹 🃦 (-)205_Lifter2	
	🗹 💕 (-)206_Slide1	
	(-)207_Slide2	

Figure 153 Activate the "206\_ Slider1"

STEP 02 Use **DE Face Offset** command in **Direct Edit** tab to offset the faces as below.



Figure 154 Offset Some Faces

Up to now, we have adjusted the 206\_Slider1.

STEP 04 Use the same operations to offset the faces on 207\_ Slider2

STEP 05 Activate the **BP**, create a sketch based on the plane as below.



Figure 155 Create a Sketch on a Side Face of "BP"

STEP 06 Use *Reference* command in *Sketch* tab. Reference ten curves as below.



Figure 156 Reference Curves from the Slider.

STEP 07 Exit the sketch. Extrude the sketch to cut a pocket for the Slider. Set parameters as below.

🕽 Extrude		83		8		
<ul> <li>Required</li> </ul>				A		
Profile P	Sketch9@BP	8	+100	2		
Extrude type	1 side	. 6				
Start S	0 mm 🗘 💆 -			2 P	5	
End E	-100 mm 🗘 👲 🔻			t		12
Direction	× 💁 •	•				
🗌 Flip face di	rection				2	) =
▼ Boolean					19	
Boolean shape	з <u>тріскеа</u> 🗸				AV/	
Draft		1		_87		
<ul> <li>Offset</li> </ul>						
► Transform		]				

Figure 157 Extrude the Sketch to Cut the BP





Figure 158 Extrude a Side Face of the Pocket





Figure 159 Extrude the Other Side Face of the Pocket

STEP 10 Use *Divide* command to divide these two shapes from *BP* shape.



Figure 160 Divide the Blocks from BP

STEP 11 Use **DE Face Offset** command to offset the groove side faces.



Figure 161 Set Tolerance

STEP 12 Adjust the other llider with the same operations and create a pocket for it.

The final shows as below. There are five shapes in the part, BP.



Figure 162 Division Result

STEP 13 Use *Geom to Part* commmand in *Assembly* tab to extract a clamping block as a new component of *BP*.





STEP 14 Extract other three clamping blocks as other three components with the same operations. Final result shows as Figure 164.



Figure 164 Extract Another Three Blocks

### 1.6.2 Adjust Lifters

STEP 1 Double click on *000\_Mold\_Assembly* to activate it. Pick *204\_Lifter1, 205\_Lifter2, BP, EP* and *FP* at the same time, then select *Show Only* in right-click menu.



Figure 165 Only Show Some Components

The result shows as below.



Figure 166 Result after "Show Only"

STEP 2 Double click on **204\_Lifter1** to activate it.

Use **DE Face Offset** command in **Direct Edit** tab to offset the bottom face of the lifter.



Figure 167 Offset the Bottom Face of the Lifter

Creat a sketch based on the side face of the lifter.



Figure 168 Creat a Sketch Based on the Side Face of the Lifter

Draw the sketch as below.



Figure 169 Draw a Well-defined Sketch

Extrude the sketch. Set parameters as below.



Figure 170 Extrude the Sketch

Create another sketch based on the same side face.



Figure 171 Create Another Sketch Based on the Same Side Face

Draw the sketch as below.



Figure 172 Draw a Well-define Sketch

Extrude the sketch as a block. Set parematers as below.



Figure 173 Extrude the Sketch

Create a sketch on the the side face of the block.



Figure 174 Create Another Sketch Based on the Side Face

Draw a sketch as below.



Figure 175 Draw a Well-defined Sketch

Extrude the sketch. Set parameters as below.



Figure 176 Extrude the Sketch

Use *Geom to Part* to extract these two shapes as components.



Figure 177 Extract the Two Blocks

Then, activate the *EP*, use *Reference* command to reference the *Lifter\_block\_1*.



Figure 178 Reference "Lifter\_block\_1"

#### Use *Remove Shape* command to create a pocket.

▼ Required	
Base 1 picked ¥	
Removed 1 picked 🗸	
▼ Settings	
Boundary 🗧 🗧 🗧	
Keep removed shapes	-
▼ Tolerance	2
Tolerance 0.01 mm ‡	

Figure 179 Create a Pocket for the Block

Activate *FP*, then use *Reference* command to reference the bottom face of *Lifter1\_Block\_2*.



Figure 180 Reference the Bottom Face of "Lifter1\_Block\_2"

### Extrude the sketch and remove it from the **BP**.



Figure 181 Extrude the Face to Cut the "BP"

Use the same operation to adjust the other lifter.

Final result shows as below.



Figure 182 Final Result of the Lifters

### 1.7 Insert Standard Parts

### 1.7.1 Insert Angle Pins and Screws for Sliders

STEP 1 Return to **000\_Mold\_Assembly**, then hide the **TCP** plate.



Figure 183 Blank the "TCP"

STEP 2 Use *General* command in *Mold* tab.

Pick the type as below.

Choose Between to pick Insert Point.

🖋 General		23		
🗸 🗙 C	3 (			
▼ Required				
Supplier	FCPK	•		
Category	Angle Pins	•		
Туре	SS	-	Abaabaa	
Insert point	🛛 🕹 💆		Critical	
Rounding	0.01		Relative	
Keep assoc	iated with insert points	√	On Entity	
X align	-1,0,0 🛛 🗧 🖑	π	Expression	
Z align	tion 🗧 🗧	٠	Smart Point Ref	
- T		۶.	Dynamic Pick	
* image		1	Middle	
		1	Between	

Figure 184 Insert an Angle Pin



Figure 185 Choose "Between" to Pick the Location Point

Set other settings as below.



Figure 186 Other Settings and Parameters

Click **OK**, it will automatically create pockets on the Slider and the **AP** for the angle pin.

STEP 3 Create a pocket on **BP** for the angle pin.

Double click on the **BP** to activate it.

Create a sketch on the plane as shown in figure 187.



Figure 187 Create a Sketch on the Side Face

Draw the sketch as below.



Figure 188 Draw a Well-Defined Sketch

Extrude the sketch.

Set parameters as below.

🧊 Extrude	23	
<b>V</b>	0	
▼ Required		
Profile P	Sketch13@BP	
Extrude type	2 sides 🔹	
Start S	-40 mm 🗘 🥸 🔻	
End E	-80 mm 🗘 垫 🔻	
Direction	🕹 💆 🕇	-80
Flip face dir	ection	-40
▼ Boolean		
3		
Boolean shapes	1 picked 👻	

Figure 189 Extrude the Sketch

Add fillets on vertical edges.

Sillet 🛛	
🗸 🗶 🖪 🖌 F 📵 🛛	
▼ Required	
	<b>7</b> 6
Edges E 4 picked 🛛	
Radius R 6 mm 🗘 🖑 🔻	
▼ Variable Radius	
Hold line 🛛 🕹	
Variable radius	
Add Modify Delete	

Figure 190 Add Fillets

Add chamfers on the top edges.

# Mold Design <////

Signature Chamfer	
▼ Required	
Edges E 8 picked 🗧	
Setback S 1 mm 🗘 💆 👻	
► Variable Chamfer	
Rollover Control	
▼ Settings	

Figure 191 Add Chamfers

STEP 4 Add screws on sliding clamping blocks.

Use *Screw* command in *Mold* tab to insert screws.

💞 Screw	23		
X Z			
▼ Required			
Supplier MISUMI *			
Туре СВ т		Absolute	
Bored plates 2 picked 🛛 🕹		Critical	
Insert point 🛛 🕹 💇 🕇	_	Relative	
Rounding 0.01	~	On Entity	
Keep associated with insert points	π	Expression	
Z align 🛛 🕹 👻 🔻		Smart Point Ref	
Flip Z direction	K	Dvnamic Pick	
▶ Image	2	Middle	
▼ Auxiliary	×	Between	
Pocket	Ŀ!	Offset	
Pocket color from part	1	Offset Distance	
▶ Сору	1	Along	

Figure 192 Insert Screws

Pick *Between* in the right menu, then select two points as Figure 193.



Figure 193 Choose "Between" to Pick the Location Point

Pick other 3 points in the same way. The result shows as Figure 194.



Figure 194 Insert Points

Set main parameters as below, and other parameters as default.

▼ Param	eters				
Norma	A	ttribute			
Item		Value		Туре	
Туре	1		*	°,	
м	6		*	۹.	
L	25		Ŧ	\$	

Figure 195 Main Parameters

The result shows as Figure 196.



Figure 196 Insert Result

Use Geom to Part command in Assembly tab to extract a clamping block as a new component of BP.

Seom to Part	
✓ X	
▼ Required	
Geometry 1 picked File/Part Project.Z3 Clamping Block1	
Preview Off	
Extract mode Associative extract	
Warn before modifying existing part Create sub-part in destination part	- Canto
Frame	

Figure 197 Extract the Clamping Block

Extract the other clamping block as the other component.



Figure 198 Extract the Other Clamping Block

STEP 5 Add a stop screw on **BP**.

Use *General* command in *Mold* tab.



Figure 199 Insert a "Stop Screw"

Choose *Between* to pick the point as below.



Figure 200 Choose "Between" to Pick a Point

Set main parameters as below, and other parameters as default.

1	V Para	met	ers			
	Norm	nal	Attribute			
	Item		Value		Туре	
	Туре	0		*	S.≱	
	м	8		*	S≱	
	L	10		+	S.	
	РО	0		+	1	

Figure 201 Main Parameters

The result shows as Figure 202.



Figure 202 Result

STEP 06 Create a tight block for the Slider.

Double click on "AP" to activate it.

Use *Reference* command in *Assembly* tab.

Reference the Slider as below.





Use *Datum* command in *Shape* tab to create a datum as below.



Figure 204 Create a New Datum

Create a sketch based on the new plane.



Figure 205 Create a Sketch on the New Datum

Draw the sketch as below.



Figure 206 Draw a Well-defined Sketch

Extrude the sketch. Set parameters as Figure 207.



Figure 207 Extrude the Sketch

Add fillets on vertical edges of the block.



Figure 208 Add Fillets

Use *Remove Shape* command to remove the block from *AP*.



Figure 209 Use "Remove Shape" to Create a Pocket

Use Geom to Part command to extract the tight block as a component of AP.



Figure 210 Extract the "Tight Block"

Use Screw command to insert a screw to lock the block.



Figure 211 Insert a Screw

Pick *Insert point* by choosing *Between*.



Figure 212 Pick "Insert point" by Using "Between"

Set main parameters as below, and other parameters as default.

▼ Auxilia	гу			
Pocket	]			
Pocket	color from part			
▶ Сору				
▼ Parame	eters			
Normal	Attribute			_
Item	Value		Туре	
Туре	1	*	°≱	
м	6	•	3₽	
L	25	•	3	

Figure 213 Main Parameters of the Screw

Use *Erase* command *I* in toolbar to erase the referenced slider in *AP*.



Figure 214 Erase the Referenced Slider

Return to **000\_Mold\_Assembly**, ant you can get the result as Figure 215.



Figure 215 General Result of the Slider

STEP 07 Apply the same operations on the other Slider. The final result shows as below.



Figure 216 Final Result of Sliders

# 1.7.2 Insert Locating Ring and Sprue Bush

STEP 01 Use *General* command to insert a location ring on *TCP*.



Figure 217 Insert a Location Ring

Choose "Between" to select the center point.



Figure 218 Pick the Center Point by "Between"

Set main parameters as below. Click OK.

▼	Para	met	ers		
	Norm	nal	Attribute		
1	Item		Value		Туре
	А	80	,	,	<b>°</b> ≱
	РО	2			1
	РС	0.1		•	1

Figure 219 Main Parameters of the Location Ring

STEP 02 Continue to use *General* command to insert the sprue bush.



Figure 220 Insert the Sprue Bush

Use *Center of Curvature* in the right menu to pick the center point.



Figure 221 Pick the Center Point of the Location Ring

Set main parameters as below. Customize the parameter "PO" to ensure the spruebush can touch the cavity.

▼ Par	ameters		
Norr	mal Attribute		
Item	Value	Туре	
L	125	• %	
PB	22	- 🖉	
PC1	0.5	- 🖉	
PC2	0	- 🖉	
PO	0.837	• L	

Figure 222 Main Parameters of the Sprue Bush

### 1.7.3 Insert Elector Pins

STEP 01 Double click on **000\_Mold\_Assembly**. Hide the fixed half and the cavity.



Figure 223 Activate "000\_Mold\_Assembly"

STEP 02 Use *Sketch* command in *Mold* tab to create a sketch on XY datum to mark the position of the elector pins.



Figure 224 Create a Sketch on XY Datum

STEP 03 Draw the sketch as shown in Figure 225.



Figure 225 Well-Defined Points in Sketch

STEP 04 Use *Epin* command in *Mold* tab to inser ejector pins.

Pick the points of the sketch as *Insert point*.

EPin	2	3	
🗸 🗶 🖪	0	٤	G
▼ Required		-	
Supplier	MISUMI *		
Туре	EPD 🔻		
Core/Cavity	\$1@201_Core		
Insert point	15 picked 🛛 🗧 👻 🝷		
Rounding	0.01 *		
🗹 Keep associ	iated with insert points		60/ 00000000000000000000000000000000000
Z align	× 👲 •		
Flip Z direct	tion	=	
▶ Image			
▼ Auxiliary			
Insert face	Face_B@EP 👲		
Pocket			
Intersection	×		
Pocket colo	or from part		a sub-

Figure 226 Insert Ejector Pins

Set parameters as below.

Parar	neters	
Norma	Attribute	
Item	Value	Туре
Р	6 .	· 94
L	300 .	3
PB	15	0
Limit	0 .	3
Rotate	0 .	03
PO	0 .	
D1	0.5	
D2	0.5	1
Lp	325.957	

Figure 227 Parameters of Ejector Pins

STEP 05 Trim the elector pins.

Use *Insert* command in *Assembly* tab to insert the *006\_Epin\_Cutter*.

🎸 Insert		23	
🗸 🗶 🖸	3	0	
Required			6
File/Part Project.Z3			
006_Epin_C	utter All	•	
001_Part_M 002_Positio 003_Parting 004_Fixed_ 005_Movin	1odel on_Shrink 9 Half 1g_Half		
006_Epin_C	Outter		
101_Cavity	011		
Preview	Uff		
Part Config	Default	▼ S	
Placement			
Туре	Point	•	

Figure 228 Insert the "006\_Epin\_Cutter"

STEP 06 Use Trim Pin command to trim the elector pins. Pick all elector pins, then choose the

006\_Epin\_Cutter as Cutter.





The below image is the result.



Figure 230 Trim Result

STEP 07 Hide the **006\_Epin\_Cutter**.

1.7.4 Insert Pillars

STEP 01 Activate **000\_Mold\_Assembly**.

Create a sketch on XY Datum.

Draw the sketch as below image.



Figure 231 Well-defined Points in Sketch

STEP 02 Insert *Support Pillar*.

Use S.P. command in Mold Tab. Pick the points of the sketch.



Figure 232 Insert Support Pillars

Up to now, we have finished inserting mold components. Finally the assembly shows as Figure 233.



Figure 233 General View of Final Result

**Notes:** So far, we have added screws, angle pins, location ring, sprue bush, ejector pins and support pillars in the library. However, we still need to add more libraries for the whole 3D mold design, including positioning, spring, insulation plate, wear plates, and so on.

### 1.8 Bill of Materials

STEP 01 Use **BOM** command in "Mold" tab. It will automatically create a BOM table for the whole mold assembly.

Inde	nted	* 🖺 🗇	ID	*			2	Y	D <b>x</b>	×≣
	ID	Name	Number	Material	Stoc	k Size	Quantity	Supplier	Description	
1	1	101_Cavity		Aluminum			1			
2	2	201_Core		Aluminum			1			
3	3	202_Insert1		Aluminum			1			
4	4	203_Insert2		Aluminum			1			
5	5	204_Lifter1		Aluminum			1			
6	5.1	Lifter1_Block_1		Aluminum			1			
7	5.2	Lifter1_Block_2		Aluminum			1			
8	6	205_Lifter2		Aluminum			1			
9	6.1	Lifter1_Block_3		Aluminum			1			
10	6.2	Lifter1_Block_4		Aluminum			1			
11	7	206_Slide1		Aluminum			1			
12	8	207_Slide2		Aluminum			1			
13	9	CI5050	5050-CI-A110-B110	<none></none>			1	LKM		١.

Figure 234 Bill of Materials

## STEP 02 Stock Size calculation.

Right click the *Stock Size* tab in the table. Pick *Auto Stock Size*.

😵 3D BOM 🖓 🏹										
Indented		* 📬 🗇	ID	-	1 🦉 🍸 🔤 🖣					
	ID	Name	Number	Material	Stock Size Quantity Supplier Description					
1	1	101_Cavity		Aluminum	Sort by Column →					
2	2	201_Core		Aluminum						
3	3	202_Insert1		Aluminum	Rename					
4	4	203_Insert2		Aluminum	Customize menu					
5	5	204_Lifter1		Aluminum	1					

Figure 235 Auto Stock Size

#### Select the type as **Block**, click **OK**.

🖉 Auto stock size 🛛 🖓 🛛						
Туре	Block		Ŧ			
Orientation	Auto calculated		•			
<ul> <li>Update all items in BOM</li> <li>Update for standard part</li> </ul>						
Decimal places	0		÷			
Clearance	0		÷			
OK Cancel						

Figure 236 Setting in "Auto Stock Size"

After that, stocks of all components will be created.

🖗 3D BOM 🖓 🖾										
Indented 🔹 📬 🗇		ID	ID ·		۳			🐚 🚺 🖣		
	ID	Name	Number	Material	Stock Size	Quantity	Supplier	Description		
5	5	204_Lifter1		Aluminum	140x249x30(mm)	1			1	
6	5.1	Lifter1_Block_1		Aluminum	57x62x30(mm)	1			=	
7	5.2	Lifter1_Block_2		Aluminum	140x16x30(mm)	1				
8	6	205_Lifter2		Aluminum	212x21x20(mm)	1				
9	6.1	Lifter1_Block_3	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	Aluminum	57x62x30(mm)	1	~		ۍ ل	

Figure 237 Result of "Auto Stock Size"

STEP 03 Merge components with the same *Number*.

Right click the Number tab, then select Merge by Column.
# Mold Design <////

inder	nted	* 📬 🗇			•			8	Y	<u> </u>
	ID	Name	Number		Material	Ste	ock Size	Quantity	Supplier	Descriptio
35	10	SS_D20x180_1	SS-20x180	2	Sort by Column	nn ⊧)		1	FCPK	60+/-2 HF
36	11	SS_D20x180_2	SS-20x180		Merge by Col	umn )		1	FCPK	60+/-2 HF
37	12	605_D80_1	605-80		Rename			1	Rabourdin	
38	13	606_D125_1	606_125		Customize m	enu		1	Rabourdin	
39	14	EPD_D6x300_1	EPD6-300		SKD61	D6x300		1	MISUMI	
40	15	EPD_D6x300_2	EPD6-300		SKD61	D6x300		1	MISUMI	
41	16	EPD_D6x300_3	EPD6-300		SKD61	D6x300		1	MISUMI	
42	17	EPD_D6x300_4	EPD6-300		SKD61	D6x300		1	MISUMI	
43	18	EPD_D6x300_5	EPD6-300		SKD61	D6x300		1	MISUMI	
44	19	EPD_D6x300_6	EPD6-300		SKD61	D6x300		1	MISUMI	
45	20	EPD_D6x300_7	EPD6-300		SKD61	D6x300		1	MISUMI	
46	21	EPD_D6x300_8	EPD6-300		SKD61	D6x300		1	MISUMI	
47	22	EPD_D6x300_9	EPD6-300		SKD61	D6x300	~~~~~	1	MISUMI	

Figure 238 Merge Rows by Number

#### The components with the same *Number* will be merged together.

🖗 3D	BOM							7	3
Indent	ted	* 📬 🗇	ID	•		8	Y	<u>⊳</u> {	
	ID	Name	Number	Material	Stock Size	Quantity	Supplier	Description	
33	10	SS_D20x180_1	SS-20x180	0	D20x180	2	FCPK	60+/-2 HRC <	~
34	11	605_D80_1	605-80	XC 38	D80	1	Rabourdin		>
35	12	606_D125_1	606_125	35 NC 15 Re	D125	1	Rabourdin	<	ĺ
36	13	EPD_D6x300_1	EPD6-300	SKD61	D6x300	15	MISUMI	1	2
$\sim$	~5	ᢆ᠈᠋ᠬᢦ᠈᠊ᠧ᠋ᡔᡗ	· Long	$\sim$	· - · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	$\sim$	~~~	$\sim$	

Figure 239 Merge Result

STEP 04 Use *Export data* button to export the BOM table as a excel file with preset template.

<u></u>	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~		~~~		لاير ت
Ş	8	Y	<u> </u>	×∎ ▶	Column Row Settings	۲. ۱
Stock Size	Quantity	Supplier	Description		Default template setting	
( 320x320x102(mm)	1				C:\Users\Administrator\AppData	ı\Roaming 🔚
320x320x81(mm)	1				Preset attribute list	````````````````````````````````
230x31x81(mm)	1					
< {30x31x81(mm)	1				Export excel with template	{
40x249x30(mm)	1				C:\Users\Administrator\AppData	a\Roaming 🖕 🏅
< carried and a	~~~~	$\sim$		~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~		1

Figure 240 Export the BOM

The final result shows as Figure 241.

2	ZWSOFT						
3	Bill of Material						
4	Pa	art Number		Designer		Date	2018/12/21
5	ID	Number	Name	Material	Stock Size	Quantity	Remark
6	1		101_Cavity	Aluminum	320x320x102(mm)	1	
7	2		201_Core	Aluminum	320x320x81(mm)	1	
8	3		202_Insert1	Aluminum	30x31x81(mm)	1	
9	4		203_Insert2	Aluminum	30x31x81(mm)	1	
10	5		204_Lifter1	Aluminum	140x249x30(mm)	1	
11	5.1		Lifter1_Block_1	Aluminum	57x62x30(mm)	1	
12	5.2		Lifter1_Block_2	Aluminum	140x16x30(mm)	1	
13	6		205_Lifter2	Aluminum	212x21x20(mm)	1	
14	6.1		Lifter1_Block_3	Aluminum	57x62x30(mm)	1	
15	6.2		Lifter1_Block_4	Aluminum	140x16x30(mm)	1	
16	7		206_Slide1	Aluminum	129x60x35(mm)	1	
17	8		207_Slide2	Aluminum	129x60x35(mm)	1	

Figure 241 BOM with Template in Excel

#### 1.9 2D Drafting

Use 2D Sheet command in toolbar to create a general drafting for the mold. Pick the template AO\_H(ANSI).

💯 Select a templ	ate 🖓	23				
All		*				
[Default]	_					
A0_H(ANSI)						
A1_H(ANSI)	•					
A2_H(ANSI)						
A3_H(ANSI)						
A4_H(ANSI)						
A4_V(ANSI)						
A_H(ANSI)						
A_V(ANSI)						
B_H(ANSI)						
C_H(ANSI)						
D_H(ANSI)						
E_H(ANSI)						
A0_H(DIN)						
A1 H(DIN)		Ŧ				
ОК	Cancel					



Create views as below.



Figure 243 Views of the Mold Assembly

Use **BOM** command to create a BOM table.

Inherit 3D BOM.

### Mold Design <////



Figure 244 Inherit the 3D BOM

Pick the Bottom-Right, then pick the point as shown in figure 110.



Figure 245 Locate the BOM Table

The final result shows as below.



Figure 246 Final Result of the 2D Sheet

After that, user can continue to create 2D sheet for all components.

## 2 Epilogue

So far, we have finished this course, which shows most of functions of ZW Mold functions. Of course, we need to make more steps to finish the mold design and manufacture, such as coolant systems, mold features, mold flow analysis, electrode design, mold plate manufacturing and so on. At present ZW3D has its independent electrode design and powerful 2X and 3X milling for mold plate manufacturing. More mold features like new coolant system design, runner design, more powerful sliders and lifters library are coming soon.